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Assistant Secretary

June 16, 1964

The Honorable
John McCone,
Director,

Central Intelligence Agency.

Mr. Manning wanted you to receive a copy of the attached memorandum to the President concerning the information program on the U.S. involvement in Southeast Asia.

W. Marshall Weight Special Assistant Bureau of Public Affairs

June 16, 1964

#### MEMORANDUM FOR THE SECRETARY

The attached memorandum to the President outlines some assumptions on some proposals concerning the information program for Southeast Asia. It is not intended to be complete and is subject to the widest alterations and additions. Since time is short, however, I am taking the liberty of forwarding it to the White House with the expectation that some of its most obvious proposals can be got under way immediately and other aspects can be discussed at an early meeting.

Robert Menning

Attachment:

As stated.

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June 16, 1964

## THE SECRET

#### HUXMARIAN FIR THE MASSIFEIT

Subject: Information Fragram for Southeast Asia

The problem of a U.S. information program supporting our involvement in Joutheast Asia fails into three major categories -- (1) the en-the-scene information program for consumption in South and North Viet-Name, Lane and other Southeast Asian countries; (2) the case to be made in the international aroun: and (3) a different matter, the came to be made to our own people and Congress.

The Sensible decision to place Surry Lorthian of UKIA in overall charge of the program on the scene puts that part of the job in good hands and makes it more likely that we can not would results from the ideas and directives that commute from Washington. The official given overall responsibility in lashingto a should, therefore, concentrate on the other two categories, the international and the domestic, with higher priority given to the domestic.

Some thoughts on the disposions of the depositic problem and some wars of approaching it:

Bacis Assemblica: If the U.S. policy in Southeast Asia and the necessary courses of action are thereegily made effectively explained to the imerican people, they will support that policy.

The Situation: Detil recently we have benefited from a relatively limited hadrican interest is the Southeast Asian elitration even though we have suffered nore than 1,000 campalties (130 does) and are pouring treasure and presture inte Southeast Asia at an increasing race.

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## TOP SECURI

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both because of developments in the erea and the potential of the situation as a compalys issue, we are any threatened with a rapid and serious deterioration of molic and Congressional support. This deterioration is not certain, but likely. We can take little confort from the recont Gallup Poll that showed 63 percent of the U.S. public not interested in the Viet-Man sixuation. The 37 percent the are interested are, for the most part, opposed to my comment of the Vietnamese situation either because they think the United States should not be there (the least vocal but, I would guess, the larger part of the opposition) or because, harboring the old frustrations of the foress was and the secondthe-yelu-syndrome, they ment us to strike at the merth. The percentage of non-interest is probably already selting, and as the compaign develops there could be serious slippage in American support for the government's program in Southwest Asia.

It seems clear that the major political opposition and the major public opposition to our Seminant hale involvement out in different directions. It is bardly conceivable that the GOP could comparing for a "soit policy" and it is not credible to me that the general public will ever demand (without povernment leadership) that the war he extended. This division within the opposition can work to our advantage if we succeed in fercing public common into precise and clear discussions of alternatives. If, however, the public discussion continues to be loose and diffused, it will be possible for opposition themselves all the opposition, and then to raily behind themselves all the opposition, beta dove and hash.

Property to encourage and organize a converte programbased on truth and credibility and designed to increase public browledge of the nature of the United States involvement in Southeast Asia, its importance to the national interest and its demand for the patience and sacrifice that 30 with world leadership.

Mark: We cannot embark upon this program without leavening the Claribility of the U.S. Government in dealing with the Southeast Asia situation. Specifically, to the extent that we resceed in convincing the public of the necessity for our

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present policy, we may reches public and Compressional receptivity to may so-called political solution reached through presentation eached the Communists. This progress is therefore based on the assumption that the U.S. Coveragent intends to stick to its consistment to stay in Sectional Asia and to give South Vict-lies all it seeds to defeat Communist aggregates.

Information program are limited. The memories of varia, the bitter French experience in lowthount sin, the uplineau and brutality of the war in Viet-San, mined with the cour of confusion and frustration that seeps out of Saigna, are pour material on which to build understanding and confidence. Too many available ensures are uninvariable ensures. Obviously that we need are some victories, at least a dramatic turn or two in our favor. Such do not soon greatly in prospect for the next few members, a period during which campaign hout and cratery are likely to make Viet-San a upoh more translesses issue for the Fresident and his idministration. The resignation of Ambassador lodge alds now problems of a type not yet discountible.

improve understanding and relut the "easy answer" critics, but there are few measures presently at hand that will make Americans feel happy or confident about the attraction at it is now going. As have already last important elements of the press, for example, the New York [last and alless important. The situation is looked on with sceptistus and/as suspicion by the rest of the news media. He are confronted by the persistant undersining tactics of freeldent defaults.

We must make the effort -- last we should realize that the results, at best, will be limited and that only success will make the Viet-Kam war "popular."

SCORE: The program must be based upon the assemption that public acceptance of the U.S. involvement in Southeast Asia will be fortheoming if the reasons for that involvement are adequately explained. The major deficiency in the present situation in

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present policy, we may reduce public and Congressional secretivity to any so-called political solution remoded through premature negotiation with the Communists. This program is therefore based on the assumption that the U.S. Government intends to stick to its consitment to stay in Southeast Asia and to give South Vict-San all it result to defeat Communist apprendice.

Examples: In a word, the possible achievements of acres, the information program are limited. The neutrine of acres, the bitter French experience in Southeast asia, the uglinoon and brotality of the nex in Viet-Man, mixed with the odor of confestion and frustration that seeps out of Saigns, are poor naterial on which to build understanding and confidence. Too many available answers are uniquenable ensures. Obviously that we need are some vistories, at least a dramatic turn or two in our favor. Such do not seen greatly in prospect for the next few months, a period during which campaign heat and cratery are likely to note Viet-San a cosh next translational issue for the Freeddest and his administration. The resignation of Ambassador Ladge adds now problems of a type not yet discernible.

improve understanding and rebut the "easy answer" critics, but there are few measures presently at based that will make Americans feel happy or confident about the situation as it is now going. We have already last important elements of the press, for example, the New York [lang and walter Lippanne. The situation is looked on with skepticies and/or exampleint by the rest of the name media. We are confronted by the persistent undersining tactics of fresident desquile.

We must make the effort -- but we abould realize that the results, at best, will be limited and that only success will make the Viet-Nam war "popular."

Seast: The program must be based upon the assumption that public acceptance of the U.S. involvement in Santheent Asia will be forthcoming if the reasons for that involvement are adequately emplained. The major deficiency in the present situation in

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public confusion about our purposes and a poisonous despicion on the part of the public that they are not being teld the truth either about the nature of F.F. antivities in Josephapet Asia or the prospects for exercise. Credibility is the essential key to the success of a broad program to show up and sustain public support for the Administration's Josephapet Asia policies. There will be times when we must choose to look bee but be believed rather than abrein to look need and simply supposer success.

The program itself must consist of two parts; and dealing with the communications media, the other more directly with the public:

A. The media — both at home and is Vist-East every effort must be best to producing within the media support for our policies where possible, understanding and objectivity where support is not possible. Resiculty, this can be done only by providing more complete and more credible information to the correspondents. We have long since passed the point where the media will accept in Southeast Asia a decity-known-best-exceptance-on-faith attitude.

A basic problem is the lack of a "scorecart." The conflict in Semblest Asia is and will remain dirty and diffused and entremely difficult to assess concretely in terms of moccess and failure, progress and deterioration. There is no battle line to show gradually moving forward in maps in the accepaners. There are no broad strategic therecanters which the press can convey regularly to an understanding public (such as substant, conveys safely arrived at port, energy sixplanes downed, or a number of strategic booking flights.)

we must provide a scorecard. It must not be a phony scoreeard; and it must be simple enough and factual enough to be weakle by the modia and understandable and convincing to the halfinformed public. One possibility is to take one of the critical provinces upon which we are now beginning to concentrate our efforts. It should be a genuinely critical province but one in which our chances of spacess are reasonable. We should

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direct modia (and thus public) attention to this province and then comcontrate both American and Vistamenes rescurees as necessary to bring about a clear-cut and considerable improvement. By doing this we will provide at least in some measure the essential in any good information program: success.

There are doubtless other ways in which we can provide a secretary and these should be actively developed on a priority basis. We must be careful, however to evoid the temptation of contrivences designed primarily to make we look good. The end result of dissimulation can only be the destruction of that eredibility.

importance that we make every effort to go beyond the media (with whom our success will at best be limited) directly to the public. This effort will serve a double purpose: first, it will create public understanding and support; second, it will raise the level of public comment on Viet-Men and force bestile media into a more factual and objective transmiss of events and alternatives there. In short, it will tend to focus the debate on to the alternatives. The higher the level of public debate, the nece favorable is the battlefield for presentation of the reasons underlining our policy.

Our program should consist but not be limited to the following specifies:

## **Media**

- i, provide a scorecard.
- 2. an enhanced program of providing detailed factual information to correspondents both in Famington and Vict-Nam. This must include policy as well as information officers and it must include high level as well as operational ufficers.
- 3. The injection into TV interview shows of American military and civilian returnees from Viet-Nam. We should ensembrate on the local interview shows at least as such as the

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mational. With rare exceptions tince shows procent time great at his most sympathetic. This will serve both to immediate our immediates in Viet-Ram and to lead the viewers to identify themselves with it. A particularly eloquent or motable returnes from the battle area might be given a two-or three-missis exposure on a major entertainment show, such as Md Sellivan's. (The summer lay-off hinders us here.)

- A. We should begin to give publicity to hear icoms who have performed feats of gallantry and bereism in Viet-New. Public beaudage of our involvement is now total and yet the only news the public gets is af our casualties, accompanied by beenground music deaying that our involvement is in any way control. All the world loves a hero and I as sure we have some in Viet-New. It is high time we begin to give the American public senething to be proud of rather than mately samething to be sorry about.
- 5. We should excense (assumedly through ALE which obviously has the channel) to get Steve Canyon or Terry and the Piretes or bath into Viet-Ham. In their own way these strips are highly educational and they are ideally suited to dramatize the comparisonal and savage nature of the Communist assault on Viet-Ham and why and how the U.S. is trying to coming it.
- office people in the media will play a central role in setting the tone of media communican Viol-New. Some of times (Salber Lippmann, for example) are committed to such an extent that there is little apportunity best to influence their views. Nost, however, are simplical but still Starible. To should identify the 10 or 15 most influential med individuals and account for personal conversations on a continuing basis between them and appropriate policy officers of the U.S. government. The purpose of these contacts would be:
- a. To expens these way sadia men to the best government thinking on Viet-Man. This will remove the possibility that their bootility is one to a lack of accorate information.

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b. To consure belanced reporting by these media men.

# direct contact with the public

- i. An invigarated program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. officials with particular attention being paid to program of public speeches being paid to program of public speeches being paid to program of public speeches by high U.S. of the U.S. of the Country of the U.S. of the Country of the U.S. of t
- 1. Preparation of specch tests for locality supporture in Congrues, to constarant -- here and in Viet-Man -- the harmful effects of speeches by such men as wayen Morpe.
- 3. Maximum use of all levels of civilian and military personnel returned from Vist-Man on bone lague or new semigrount for public speedus at service clubs and other local organizations with particular emphasis on bometown and laws-area exposure.
- 4. The development and widespread use of a special question-and-answer peoplet and a variety of sther information (now in preparation) designed to show what we are doing, why it is measurery to our one national security, to rebut the doubt shout Vietnamese willinguase and shility to fight, and to empose the fallecies of alternative policies (withdrawal, meatralization, escalation, etc.) These information papers will have to be of a quality for seperior to the normal government information bandouts. To be effective they will have to be characterized by blunt homesty, a high degree of candor, and a style more failective of a personal normal and intellectual semaitment them of inetitytional detachment.
- 5. The government is getting a great deal of sail from the public on Vist-New and Southeast Leis. Some of it is captions, and must of it is questioning. This gives us an exactional opportunity to get directly to a most damply somewhen part of the public. I suggest that we creak up an effort to provide a parametral response to every letter. Tenest, detailed answers should be provided to all questions and allegations, and in addition the reply should be personnel in its tone. It

should

# DOWN THE SECTION

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should reflect the personal interest, whole-hearted considerant, and deep dedication to our involvement in Southeast Asia that is felt by the reaking officers of our government. Each letter should be signed by an official dealing directly with Southeast Asia, as high-reaking as possible. Propering the individual, personalized replies will take a let of additional resources. I urge that they be provided, since I as convinced that over a period of number no single setivity sould have a greater notivity than this, if it is properly done. Every outgoing letter on Southeast Asia should be no good and so strong and so personal that, were it printed in a letters-to-the-editor column (as they eften see) or read aloud on a television program, it would ring out with gammine conviction and feeling.

- 6. Instructing contact with church leaders and the leadership of selected non-procumental organizations to generate support on the grounds of:
- a. the moral requirement to help Southeast Asia resist Communist aggression, and
- b. the importance of Southeast Asia to U.S. national security.

The State Department is staffed to implement the institutional contacts with civic groups, world affairs conscile, and many other national bodies. The Defance Department could concentrate on veterane organizations and similar groups with a special fait interest in security requirements. It would probably be a good idea if highest level officials -- perhaps the President personally -- could appeal privately to the U.S. Catholic hierarchy, Billy Grahes, see to other charchegroup heads for understanding and support for the Victorians war.

to sample U.S. public involvement therein. This should be a continuing service designed to identify the major causes of public discontant and its location, prographically, socially, and politically. This service will cost only a small amount, probably less than 95,000 and it should be arranged promptly

in order

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### TO SEALE

Principal policy

in order to obtain a first sample by the first week in July. We can then concentrate our efforts on the weak spots.

### inglizments:

- 1. Assignment of an individual as machington coordinates of all information problems relating to the Southeast Asia situation, plus one Special Assistant and one secretary to be detached for temperary duty. Other nanpower needs can be not by drawing on established staffs in State, Defeater, USIA and oldenhore.
- 2. A National Insurity Action Headermaken from the President (draft attached) outlining the project, designating the coordinator, and authorizing the coordinator to draw on all povernment agencies for manyower and material resources as required.

Labort Vennis

kaelomas:

As stated.

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